





ARM ACME PROJECT

ARM Airborne Carbon Measurements

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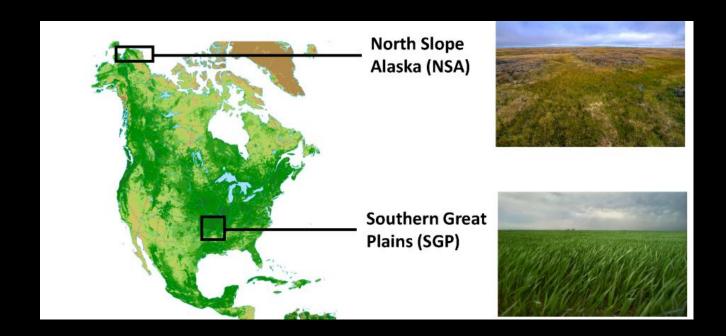
OUTLINE

ACME-SGP

- Scientific Objectives
- Results and Highlights

ACME-NSA

- Scientific Objectives
- Campaign Overview
- Links with NGEE-Arctic, ARM, and ASR objectives
- Feedback





ACME IN THE SGP SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

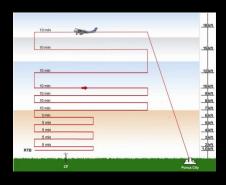


- Document changes in atmospheric concentrations of GHGs
- Contribute to multi-agency effort for validation of satellite- and ground-based column CO₂ estimates
- Close gap in U.S. CH₄ emissions estimates



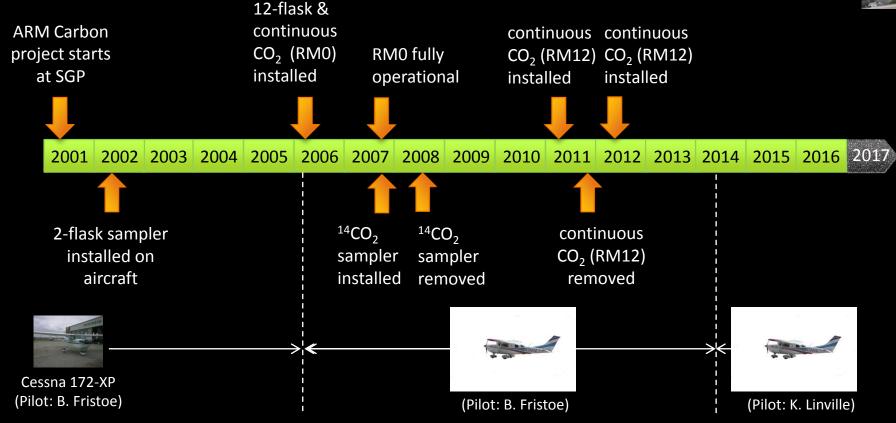






ACME IN THE SGP

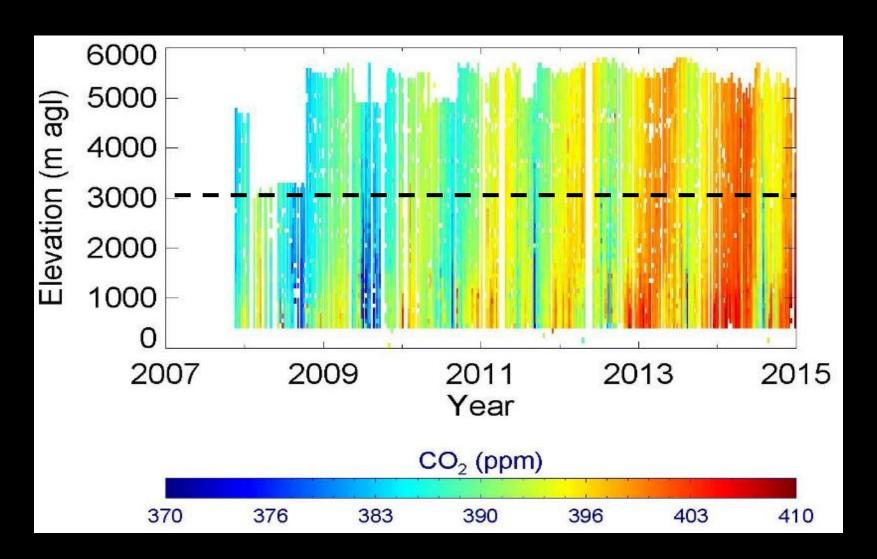


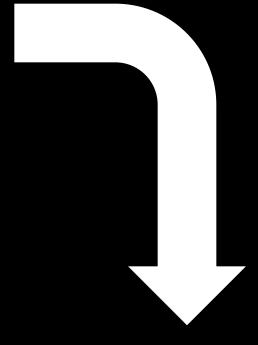


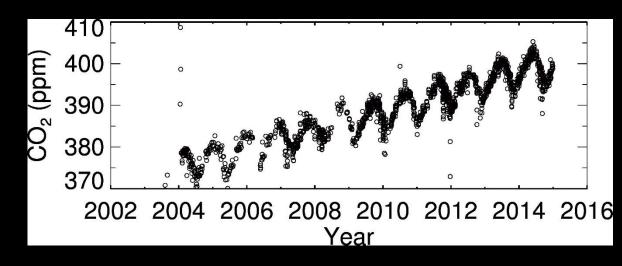
- IAP (PI: J. Ogren). March 1, 2000 June 30, 2006
- Aircraft Carbon (PI: M. Torn). July 1, 2006 September 1, 2008
- ACME (PI: S. Biraud). October 1, 2008 December 31, 2011
- ACME II (PI: S. Biraud). January 1, 2012 September 30, 2012
- ACME III (PI: S. Biraud). October 1, 2012 September 30, 2013
- ACME IV (PI: S. Biraud). October 1, 2013 September 30, 2014
- ACME V (PI: S. Biraud). October 1, 2014 September 30, 2016
- ACME VI (PI: S. Biraud). October 1, 2016 September 30, 2017?



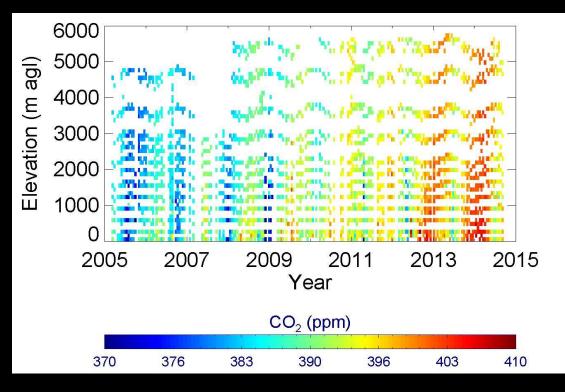
ACME IN THE SGP - RESULTS

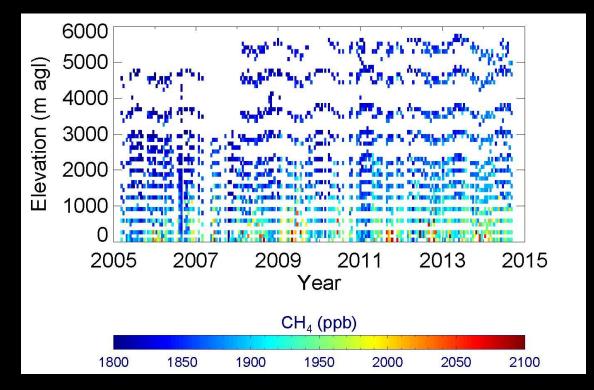


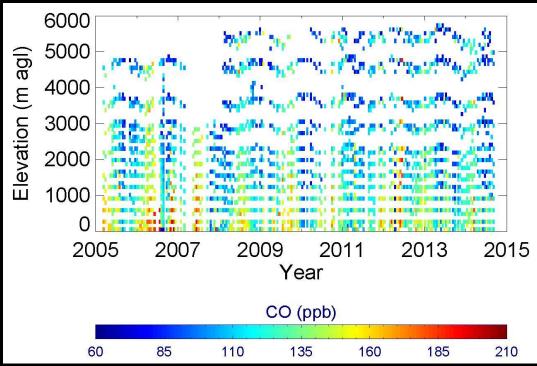


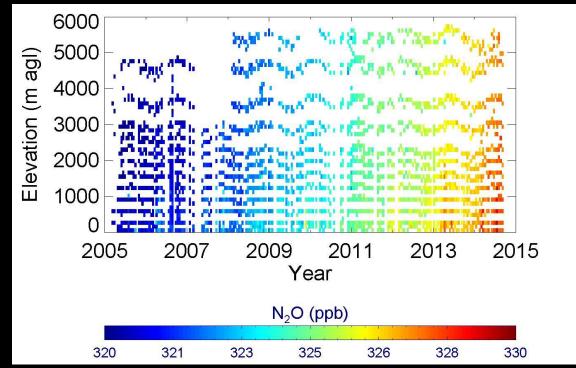


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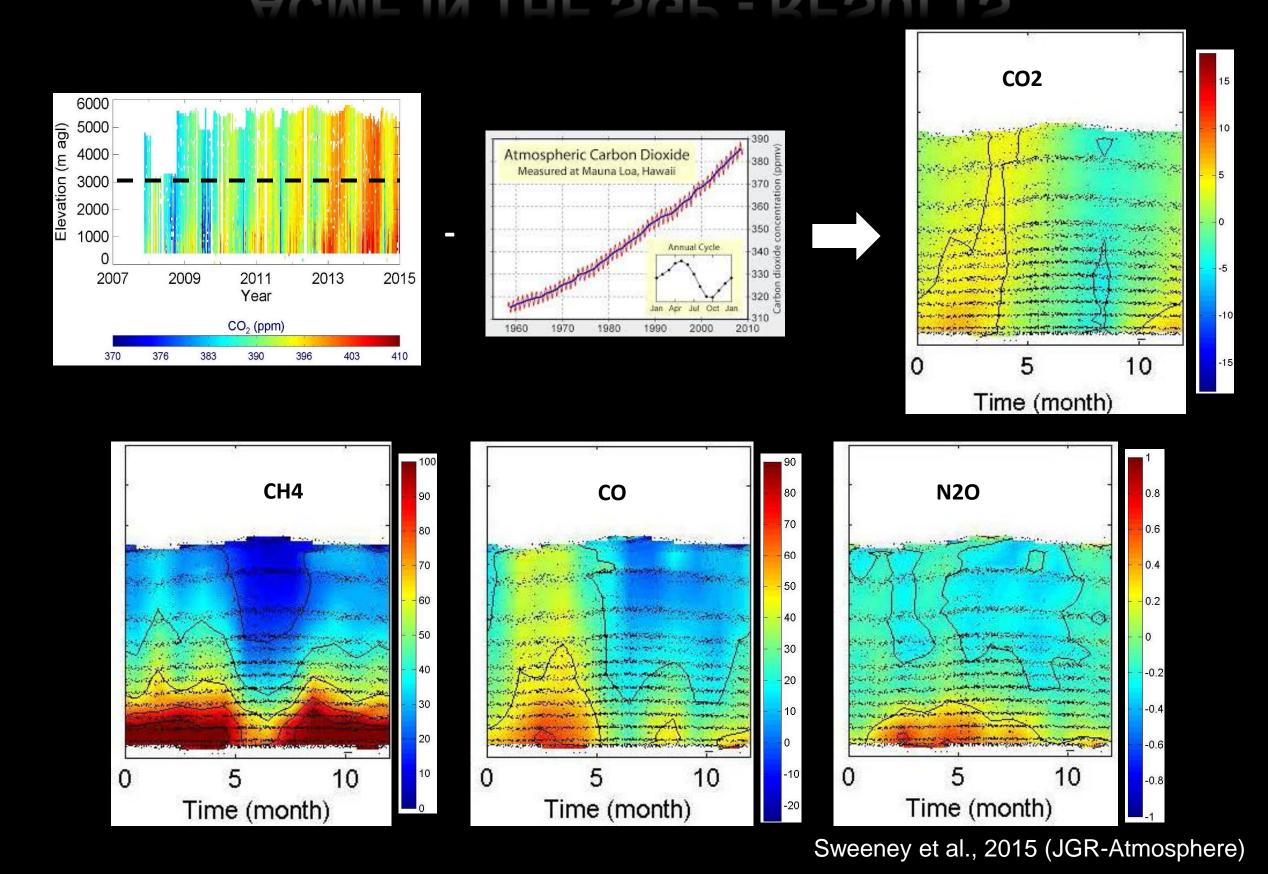






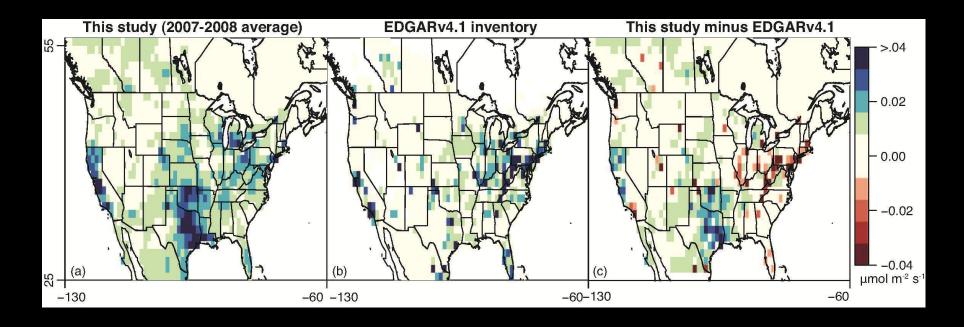


ACME IN THE SGP - RESULTS

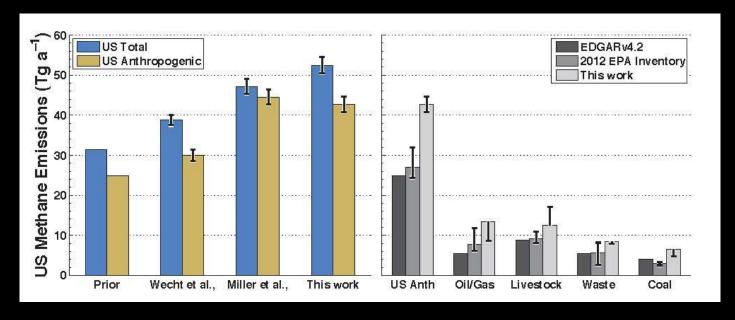


HIGHLIGHTS (FOR CH4)

Miller et al., 2013 (PNAS)



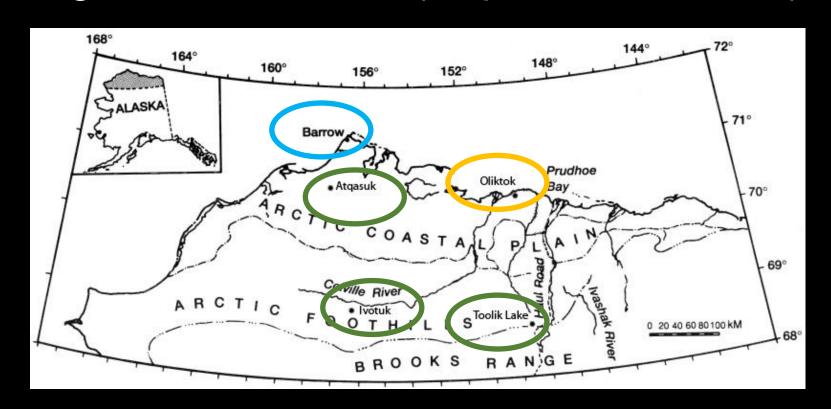
Turner et al., 2015 (ACP)



GROUND-BASED OBS. IN THE NSA

Established ground sites provide ground truth and temporal context for ACME airborne measurements

- DOE/ARM sites (Barrow and Oliktok)
- DOE/NGEE-Arctic site (Barrow)
- NOAA/GMD operational site (Barrow)
- NSF/LTER Arctic (Toolik Lake)
- San Diego U. Flux towers (Atqasuk and Ivotuk)





NGEE-ARCTIC

Next Generation Experiment in the Arctic PI: Stan Wullschleger (ORNL)

Overarching science question: "How does permafrost thaw and processes associated changes in hydrology, soil biogeochemical processes and plant community succession affect feedbacks to the climate systems?"

Period of observations: 2012-2015 (phase 1)

Study Domain: Barrow

CARVE IN THE NSA



Apr-Oct 2013

Carbon in Arctic Reservoirs
Vulnerability Experiment
(CARVE)
PI: Charles Miller (NASA/JPL)



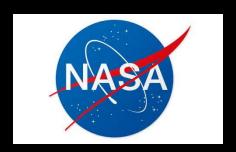
Campaign Dates: May – Oct (2012-2015)

Science Payload

- Picarro: continuous CO₂, CH₄, H₂O
- 12-Flask Package: ~50 trace gases
- FTS: Column CO₂, CH₄, and CO
- Other: O₃ and IR temp

Results (Chang et al., 2014)

- Net CO₂ was ~0 in 2012 and represents a small sources in 2013.
- Total CH₄ emissions from Alaska are small compare to global emissions (2 vs. 550 Tg CH₄·yr⁻¹)



ABOVE IN THE NSA

Arctic-Boreal Vulnerability Experiment (ABoVE)

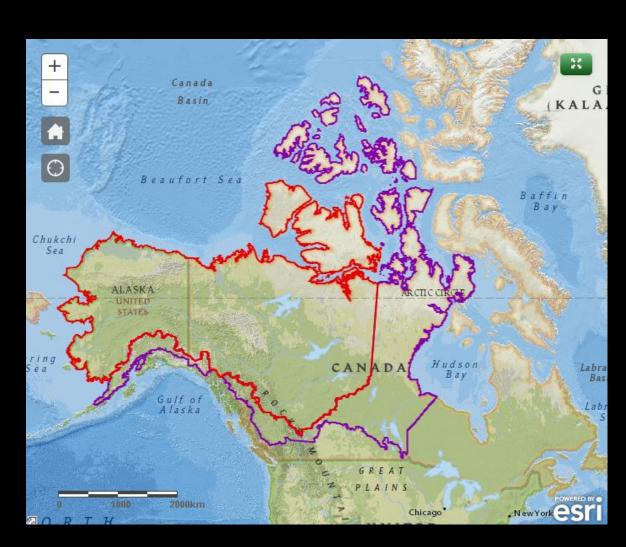
Overarching science question: "How vulnerable or resilient are ecosystems and society to environmental change in the Arctic and boreal region of western North America?"

Proposed intensive airborne observations: 2017 and 2019

Study Domain:

Alaska and Northwest Canada

Science Payload: TBD



ACME IN THE NSA SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

- Characterize spatial variability of CO₂ and CH₄ mixing ratios and link to ecosystem dynamics
- Evaluate representativeness of site measurements at regional scales
- Impact of Oil/gas emissions around Prudhoe Bay







ACME IN THE NSA

Campaign Dates

June 1 – September 15, 2015

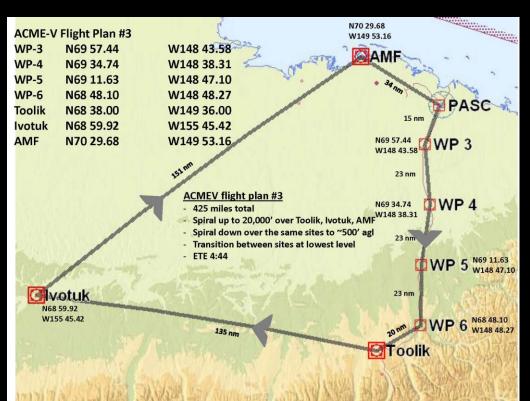
Strategy: frequent and sustained flights (1 flight every 4 days; 25 flights total)

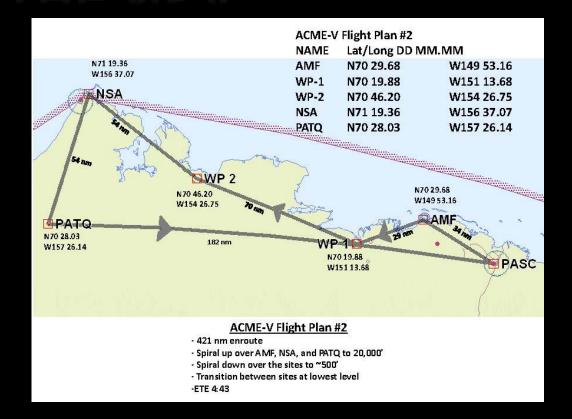
Science Payload

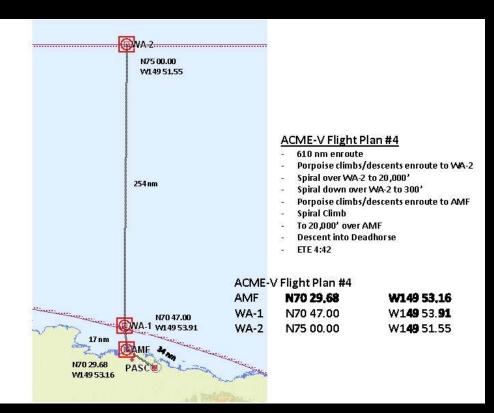
- Picarro: continuous CO₂, CH₄, H₂O
- LGR: continuous CO and N₂O
- 12-Flask Packages: 50 trace gases
- · Atmospheric state (air temp, presre, dew point
- Cloud microphysics (HVPS-3, 2D-S, F-CDP, CDP-2)
- · Aerosols (UCPS, CPC, UHSAS-A, PCASP, PSAP).
- Radiation (SPN1s and MFR)

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How to be involved?

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